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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT & TRADEMARK OFFICE

IN RE APPLICATION OF:

ATSUSHI SHIOTA ET AL.

GROUP ART UNIT: 1712

SERIAL NO: 09/770,289

FILED: JANUARY 29, 2001

: EXAMINER: FEELY, M.

FOR: PROCESS FOR PRODUCING

SILICA-BASED FILM, SILICA-BASED FILM, INSULATING FILM, AND SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE

DECLARATION UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.131

COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS ALEXANDRIA, VA 22313-1450

SIR:

Now come Atsushi SHIOTA and Kouji SUMIYA, who declare and state that:

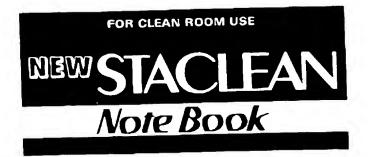
- 1. We are the co-inventors of the above-identified application.
- 2. Prior to June 11, 1999, we reduced to practice the process for producing a silicabased film claimed in the above-identified application.
 - 3. This reduction to practice is supported by the attached Exhibits A-E.
- 4. Exhibits A-C are from a laboratory notebook recorded by Atsushi SHIOTA. Exhibit A is the notebook cover showing that the notebook contains records of "EB / Cure Experiment", i.e., experiments using electron beams for curing. Exhibit B is a record of electron beam exposures of "Siloxane" at doses of "3000-5000 μC/cm²". Exhibit C is a

- 5. Exhibit D shows the dielectric constant ("k"), elastic modulus ("E"), universal hardness ("H") and thickness ("t") of siloxane samples cured with electron doses of 10, 50, 100, 500, 1000 and 3000 μC/cm². As discussed above, "LDK-5105" is the sample number assigned to a particular siloxane.
- 6. Exhibits A-D demonstrate electron beam exposure of siloxane films at doses in a range of from 1 to 200 μ C/cm² results in films having a dielectric constant of 3 or lower.
- 7. The feature of "silicon carbide bonds represented by Si-C-Si" is inherent in siloxane films electron beam irradiated at a dose in the range of from 1 to 200 μ C/cm². The Si-C-Si bonds appear in infrared spectra as a peak at 890 cm⁻¹. Specification at page 27, line 26 to page 28, line 2.
- 8. Exhibit E is an infrared spectrum of a siloxane film that has received an electron dose in the range of from 1 to 200 μ C/cm².
- 9. We hereby declare that all statements made herein of our own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of this application or any patent issuing thereon.

10. Further deponents saith not.

Date: _	27 Aug. 2003	Atsushi SHIOTA	
Date: _		Kouji SUMIYA	

Attachments: Exhibits A-E



TEL/ 1990 / EF / Come Experiment.

JSR 编用

25-49 Chabia Pon. 046/ 328 nkk Stage 8 mil Edita Tejnil 1. Vacure

2. Hove Stage

3 Task / Baselino Scan

Be Library / Default Rilu Street

ling. 5-3447.

	Intibo o
UCD-5105/90	1802 Dose 6550 A) [1.266]
145JF/	10 63885 40,20 1,260 10,000x)
165062	50 60067 104.74 1,260 (0.0007)
12200	(00 3778,2 128,15 / 28/2 (0.00462)
1153111	500 4840.9 170.06 1,305 (0.00930)
128JE0	1,000 - 4378,5 28535 1,358 (0.0665)

Energ 5 KeV. 500

Dose 10 uc/ 50, 100. 1000 uc/a

Curron 5 mA

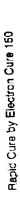
Temp. 350°C

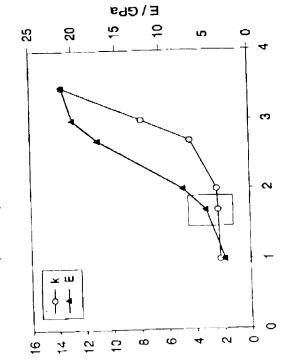
Gus Ar
pressur 10 m Torr -

IPED 676 CMP



Results of Rapid Cure with EB





t [mm]	622 579 542 419 394 392	658 ion)
H	0.45 0.77 1.11 1.84 1.96 2.15	3.11 0.45 Cure Conditi
щ	3.04 5.12 7.52 17.12 20.01 21.19	3.11 ndard Cure
*	2.31 2.34 2.41 4.29 7.80 13.60	Ctr 2.27 3.11 0.45 (LKD-5105/ JSR Standard Cure Condition)
Dose [µC/cm²]	10 50 100 500 1000	Ctr (LKD-51

Dose / µC.cm.¹
Operation Condition.
Acc. Vol. : 5 keV
Current : 5 mA

Pressure: 10 mTorr Flow Gas: Ar Temp.: 400 C

It was possible to cure rapidly (< 5 min.) using EB Optimum dose to increase Young's moduli without increasing k value was ca. 50 mC/cm⁻². Moisture adsorption, thermal volatile should be determined.

JSR Corporation

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